

The **First Trust International Rising Dividend Achievers ETF** (the “fund”) is an exchange-traded fund (ETF) that seeks investment results that correspond generally to the price and yield, before fees and expenses, of the Nasdaq International Rising Dividend Achievers™ Index (the “index”).

Looking Beyond U.S. Dividends

Many U.S. investors may be underexposed to high-quality dividend growers in developed markets outside the United States, despite the fact that, in many parts of the world dividend yields may be higher. This may be due in part to the elevated risks associated with investing in foreign equities and investor demand for higher yields to help offset those risks. Investors who are willing to accept the risks may be able to find yields that are nearly twice the average yield in the U.S.

Dividend Yield Comparison

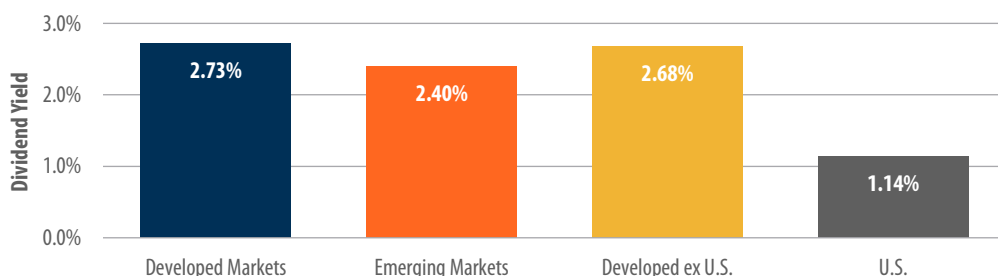


Chart source: MSCI, S&P, Bloomberg as of 1/30/2026. Dividend yield is based on the trailing 12 month dividend. The chart is for illustrative purposes only and not indicative of any investment. **Past performance is no guarantee of future results.**

Rising Dividends From High Quality International Companies

While rising dividend strategies often screen strictly for historical dividend growth, we believe the **First Trust International Rising Dividend Achievers ETF** provides a more sophisticated approach; evaluating both a company’s proven track record and its forward-looking capacity to sustain and grow dividends alongside share price appreciation. This ETF provides exposure to the performance of securities from developed markets outside the U.S. that demonstrate strong financial health and dividend growth potential. These companies share key characteristics:

- Raised their dividend value over the past three and five years
- Increased their earnings-per-share (EPS) over the past three years
- Maintain strong liquidity, high cash-to-debt ratios, and low payout ratios

This combination of attributes may offer investors compelling income opportunities while the fund’s international exposure may enhance overall portfolio diversification.

The **U.S.** is represented by the S&P 500® Index which is an unmanaged index of 500 companies used to measure large-cap U.S. stock market performance. **Developed Markets (ex-U.S. & Canada)** is represented by the MSCI EAFE Index which is a free float-adjusted market capitalization index that is designed to measure the equity market performance of developed markets, excluding the U.S. & Canada. **Emerging Markets** is represented by the MSCI Emerging Markets Index which is a free float-adjusted market capitalization index that is designed to measure equity market performance in the global emerging markets. **Developed ex U.S.** is represented by the MSCI World ex USA Index which includes developed markets and is designed to provide a broad measure of stock performance throughout the world, with the exception of U.S.-based companies. Indexes are unmanaged and investors cannot invest directly in an index.

All data as of 1/30/2026 unless otherwise noted.

Fund Details

Fund Ticker	IDVY
CUSIP	33741X300
Fund Inception Date	2/10/26
Investment Advisor	First Trust Advisors L.P.
Primary Listing	Nasdaq
Rebalance Frequency	Quarterly

Strong Dividend Growth Potential

A company’s ability to reliably increase its dividend can be an indication of its financial strength and discipline. As shown in the table below, the companies included in the index have shown strong dividend growth rates, on average, over the past 1, 3, and 5 year periods.

Annualized Average Dividend Growth

1-Year	15.00%
3-Year	18.56%
5-Year	18.37%

Sources: Capital IQ, Bloomberg Finance L.P. All data as of 1/30/2026. Data is for illustrative purposes only and is not indicative of any actual investment. Dividend growth is based on trailing 12 month dividend, not including special cash. Dividend growth is annualized. Dividend growth among the companies included in the fund may not necessarily correlate with the overall performance of the fund. There is no guarantee that companies will declare dividends in the future or that, if declared, they will either remain at current levels or increase over time. **Past performance is no guarantee of future results.**

You should consider the fund’s investment objectives, risks, and charges and expenses carefully before investing. Contact First Trust Portfolios L.P. at 1-800-621-1675 or visit www.ftportfolios.com to obtain a prospectus or summary prospectus which contains this and other information about the fund. The prospectus or summary prospectus should be read carefully before investing.

Index Construction Process According to the Index Provider

Starting Universe | The index is comprised of four sub-portfolios. The selection process for each sub-portfolio begins with the stocks in the Nasdaq DM Ex United States™ Index and eliminates those companies classified as a Mortgage Real Estate Investment Trust or a Real Estate Investment Trust (REIT) by the Industry Classification Benchmark. Companies must also meet the size and liquidity requirements of the Nasdaq DM Ex United States™ Index.

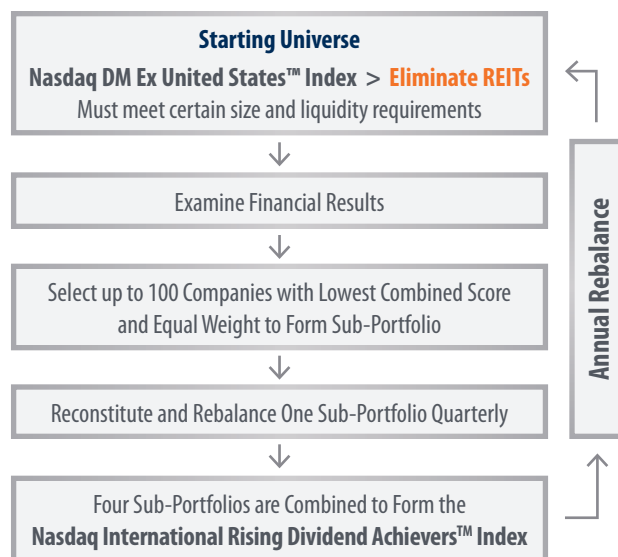
Examine Historical Financial Results | According to the index provider, every security must meet stringent eligibility criteria. The following factors are screened:

- **Dividend Growth:** Every company must have paid a dividend in the trailing twelve-month period greater than the dividend paid in the trailing twelve-month period three and five years prior.
- **Positive and Growing Earnings Per Share:** Every company must have positive earnings-per-share in the trailing twelve-month period greater than the earnings-per-share in the trailing twelve-month period for the three years prior.
- **Cash to Debt Ratio:** Every company must have a cash to debt ratio greater than 50%.
- **Payout Ratio:** Every company must have a trailing twelve-month period payout ratio less than 65%.

Select Companies with the Lowest Combined Score | Eligible securities are ranked by a combined factor of dollar dividend increase over the previous five year period, current dividend yield, and payout ratio. Up to 100 securities with the lowest (most favorable) combined ranks are selected for inclusion in each sub-portfolio, subject to a maximum 30% in a single Industry Classification Benchmark industry and 33% in a single country of domicile.

Quarterly Sub-Portfolio Reconstitution and Rebalance | One sub-portfolio is reconstituted and rebalanced in March, June, September and December. The reconstituted sub-portfolio is then combined with the sub-portfolios not undergoing a reconstitution to form the index.

Annual Index Rebalance | The index is rebalanced annually so that each of the four sub-portfolios is equally weighted among each other, each representing 25% of the total index weight.



Risk Considerations

You could lose money by investing in a fund. An investment in a fund is not a deposit of a bank and is not insured or guaranteed. There can be no assurance that a fund's objective(s) will be achieved. Investors buying or selling shares on the secondary market may incur customary brokerage commissions. Please refer to each fund's prospectus and Statement of Additional Information for additional details on a fund's risks. The order of the below risk factors does not indicate the significance of any particular risk factor.

Unlike mutual funds, shares of the fund may only be redeemed directly from a fund by authorized participants in very large creation/redemption units. If a fund's authorized participants are unable to proceed with creation/redemption orders and no other authorized participant is able to step forward to create or redeem, fund shares may trade at a premium or discount to a fund's net asset value and possibly face delisting and the bid/ask spread may widen.

Current market conditions risk is the risk that a particular investment, or shares of the fund in general, may fall in value due to current market conditions. For example, changes in governmental fiscal and regulatory policies, disruptions to banking and real estate markets, actual and threatened international armed conflicts and hostilities, and public health crises, among other significant events, could have a material impact on the value of the fund's investments.

A fund is susceptible to operational risks through breaches in cyber security. Such events could cause a fund to incur regulatory penalties, reputational damage, additional compliance costs associated with corrective measures and/or financial loss.

Depository receipts may be less liquid than the underlying shares in their primary trading market and distributions may be subject to a fee. Holders may have limited voting rights, and investment restrictions in certain countries may adversely impact their value.

Companies that issue dividend-paying securities are not required to continue to pay dividends on such securities. Therefore, there is a possibility that such companies could reduce or eliminate the payment of dividends in the future.

Equity securities may decline significantly in price over short or extended periods of time, and such declines may occur in the equity market as a whole, or they may occur in only a particular country, company, industry or sector of the market.

Financial services companies are subject to the adverse effects of economic recession, currency exchange rates, government regulation, decreases in the availability of capital, volatile interest rates, portfolio concentration in geographic markets, industries or products, and competition from new entrants in their fields of business.

An index fund will be concentrated in an industry or a group of industries to the extent that the index is so concentrated. A fund with significant exposure to a single asset class, or the securities of issuers within the same country, state, region, industry, or sector may have its value more affected by an adverse economic, business or political development than a broadly diversified fund. A fund may be a constituent of one or more indices or models which could greatly affect a fund's trading activity, size and volatility.

There is no assurance that the index provider or its agents will compile or maintain the index accurately. Losses or costs associated with any index provider errors generally will be borne by a fund and its shareholders.

Industrials and producer durables companies are subject to certain risks, including the general state of the economy, intense competition, consolidation, domestic and international politics, excess capacity and consumer demand and spending trends. They may also be significantly affected by overall capital spending levels, economic cycles, technical obsolescence, delays in modernization, labor relations, and government regulations.

Because Japan's economy and equity market share a strong correlation with the U.S. markets, the Japanese economy may be affected by economic problems in the U.S. Japan also has a growing economic relationship with China and other Southeast Asian countries. Should political tension increase, it could adversely affect the economy and destabilize the region as a whole. Japan also remains heavily dependent on oil imports, and higher commodity prices could therefore have a negative impact on the economy. Japanese securities may also be subject to lack of liquidity, excessive taxation, government seizure of assets, different legal or accounting standards and less government supervision and regulation of exchanges than in the U.S. Furthermore, the natural disasters that have impacted Japan and the ongoing recovery efforts have had a negative effect on Japan's economy, and may continue to do so.

Large capitalization companies may grow at a slower rate than the overall market.

Certain fund investments may be subject to restrictions on resale, trade over-the-counter or in limited volume, or lack an active trading market. Illiquid securities may trade at a discount and may be subject to wide fluctuations in market value.

Market risk is the risk that a particular security, or shares of a fund in general may fall in value. Securities are subject to market fluctuations caused by such factors as general economic conditions, political events, regulatory or market developments, changes in interest rates and perceived trends in securities prices. Shares of a fund could decline in value or underperform other investments as a result. In addition, local, regional or global events such as war, acts of terrorism, spread of infectious disease or other public health issues, recessions, natural disasters or other events could have significant negative impact on a fund.

A fund faces numerous market trading risks, including the potential lack of an active market for fund shares due to a limited number of market makers. Decisions by market makers or authorized participants to reduce their role or step away in times of market stress could inhibit the effectiveness of the arbitrage process in maintaining the relationship between the underlying values of a fund's portfolio securities and a fund's market price.

Large inflows and outflows may impact a new fund's market exposure for limited periods of time.

An index fund's return may not match the return of the index for a number of reasons including operating expenses, costs of buying and selling securities to reflect changes in the index, and the fact that a fund's portfolio holdings may not exactly replicate the index.

A fund classified as "non-diversified" may invest a relatively high percentage of its assets in a limited number of issuers. As a result, a fund may be more susceptible to a single adverse economic or regulatory occurrence affecting one or more of these issuers, experience increased volatility and be highly concentrated in certain issuers.

Securities of non-U.S. issuers are subject to additional risks, including currency fluctuations, political risks, withholding, lack of liquidity, lack of adequate financial information, and exchange control restrictions impacting non-U.S. issuers.

A fund and a fund's advisor may seek to reduce various operational risks through controls and procedures, but it is not possible to completely protect against such risks. The fund also relies on third parties for a range of services, including custody, and any delay or failure related to those services may affect the fund's ability to meet its objective.

A fund that invests in securities included in or representative of an index will hold those securities regardless of investment merit and the fund generally will not take defensive positions in declining markets.

High portfolio turnover may result in higher levels of transaction costs and may generate greater tax liabilities for shareholders.

The market price of a fund's shares will generally fluctuate in accordance with changes in the fund's net asset value ("NAV") as well as the relative supply of and demand for shares on the exchange, and a fund's investment advisor cannot predict whether shares will trade below, at or above their NAV.

Securities of small- and mid-capitalization companies may experience greater price volatility and be less liquid than larger, more established companies.

Trading on an exchange may be halted due to market conditions or other reasons. There can be no assurance that a fund's requirements to maintain the exchange listing will continue to be met or be unchanged.

A fund may hold securities or other assets that may be valued on the basis of factors other than market quotations. This may occur because the asset or security does not trade on a centralized exchange, or in times of market turmoil or reduced liquidity. Portfolio holdings that are valued using techniques other than market quotations, including "fair valued" assets or securities, may be subject to greater fluctuation in their valuations from one day to the next than if market quotations were used. There is no assurance that a fund could sell or close out a portfolio position for the value established for it at any time.

First Trust Advisors L.P. (FTA) is the adviser to the First Trust fund(s). FTA is an affiliate of First Trust Portfolios L.P., the distributor of the fund(s).

The information presented is not intended to constitute an investment recommendation for, or advice to, any specific person. By providing this information, First Trust is not undertaking to give advice in any fiduciary capacity within the meaning of ERISA, the Internal Revenue Code or any other regulatory framework. Financial professionals are responsible for evaluating investment risks independently and for exercising independent judgment in determining whether investments are appropriate for their clients.

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