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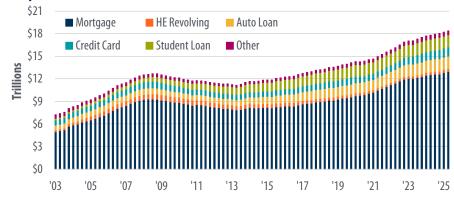
FIRST TRUST ECONOMICS

August 14, 2025

## Household Debt Hits New High in Q2

In this week's "Three on Thursday," we explore the current state of indebtedness and financial health of U.S. households in the second quarter of 2025. Each quarter, the Federal Reserve Bank of New York provides a comprehensive overview of consumer borrowing and repayment trends, drawing from a nationally representative sample of Equifax credit reports. This data is thoroughly analyzed to estimate the total debt balances and delinquency rates across the country, offering valuable insights into how American households are managing their financial obligations. Curious about the latest trends? Dive into the three charts below to get a clearer picture of where things stood in the second quarter.

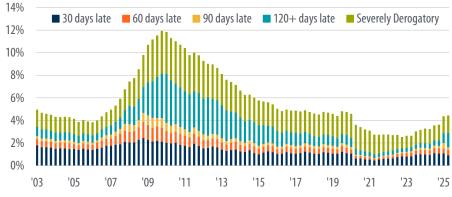
## Composition of U.S. Household Debt



Source: New York Fed Consumer Credit Panel/Equifax, First Trust Advisors. Quarterly data Q1 2003 - Q2 2025. HE stands for home equity.

Household debt balances grew by \$185 billion in the second quarter of 2025, marking a 1.0% increase from the previous quarter, bringing the total to \$18.39 trillion. Mortgage balances increased by \$131 billion in Q2 2025, reaching \$12.94 trillion, accounting for 70% of overall household debt. This has provided stability for households despite a higher interest rate environment, as 92.8% of these mortgage loans are fixed-rate, with an average rate of 4.3% as of Q1 2025. Additionally, non-housing debt balances increased by \$45 billion in Q2, led by a \$27 billion increase in credit card balances.

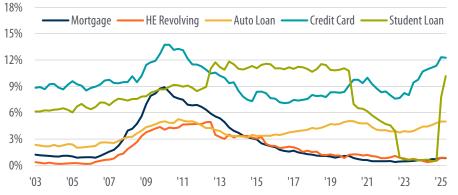
#### **Delinquency Status of U.S. Household Debt**



Source: New York Fed Consumer Credit Panel/Equifax, First Trust Advisors. Quarterly data Q1 2003 - Q2 2025.

Aggregate delinquency rates increased in Q2 2025, with 4.4% of outstanding debt in some stage of delinquency, up from 4.3% in the prior quarter driven mainly by newly delinquent student loans which soared again in Q2 to 13.0% from 8.2% the prior quarter. Delinquency rates now sit at their highest level since the first quarter of 2020. In Q2 2025, 8.6% of credit card balances and 8.0% of auto loan balances transitioned into delinquency, both slight improvements from the prior quarter, but still indicate financial strain in these areas. Newly delinquent mortgages remained at 3.7%, which is low by historical standards.

### Percentage of Balance 90+ Days Delinquent by Loan Type



Source: New York Fed Consumer Credit Panel/Equifax, First Trust Advisors. Quarterly data Q1 2003 - Q2 2025. HE stands for home equity.

In Q2 2025, the share of credit card balances 90+ days delinquent remained at 12.3%—the highest since 2011. Student loan delinquencies — which had fluctuated around 11% prior to COVID, but then plummeted to 0.5% by 2024 due to the CARES Act payment pause and the setting of student loan interest rates to zero — are now reversing course. Although payments resumed in October 2023, an "onramp" period allowed borrowers to delay without penalty through September 2024. With that window now closed, student loan delinquencies surged to 10.2% in Q2'25— and are likely to keep rising in the quarters ahead.

This report was prepared by First Trust Advisors L.P., and reflects the current opinion of the authors. It is based upon sources and data believed to be accurate and reliable. Opinions and forward looking statements expressed are subject to change without notice. This information does not constitute a solicitation or an offer to buy or sell any security.