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Monday Morning Outlook

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[First Trust

Recession Is Over; No More Shoes to Drop

If you want a bone to pick – an economic argument to have – it should be about when the current recession actually began. The National Bureau of Economic Research, the US's semiofficial recession arbiter, says it started in December 2007. But real GDP grew at a 1% annual rate from then through August 2008. That doesn't look like a recession to us.

Nonetheless, when Lehman Brothers collapsed and the \$700-billion TARP plan was proposed, a very rare "panic" ensued. Monetary velocity collapsed. From September 2008 through March 2009, the economy shrank at a 5.5% rate. That's why we think the recession started in September 2008, not in December 2007.

Once the "real" recession started – the one that began in September – we consistently forecast it would be over by mid-2009, earlier than many predicted (including the Federal Reserve). Now it looks like our V-shaped recovery is underway. When the NBER eventually gets around to declaring the recession end-date, we think it will be May 2009.

New claims for unemployment insurance are probably the very best single indicator for the end of recessions. The monthly average for claims normally peaks one or two months before the economy bottoms and it appears to have peaked in March at 658,000 versus 635,000 in April.

Given that the September recession was signaled by consumer spending falling off a cliff, we look for this to signal a rebound. Consumer spending grew at a 2.2% annual rate in the first quarter and looks set to rise again in Q2. Meanwhile, both major measures of consumer confidence (Conference Board and University of Michigan) shot upward in April.

The housing market is also showing nascent signs of life. New home sales bottomed in January at a 331,000 annual rate. The pace of sales in February/March averaged 357,000. After falling 80% from January 2006 to January 2009, single-family housing starts have been essentially unchanged the past two months, although (thankfully) at levels where builders are still rapidly cutting into excess inventories. In all likelihood a bottom has been reached for both sales and starts.

On the trade front, companies are increasingly willing to do business across borders. Inbound and outbound container traffic is up at both the Port of Los Angeles and Port of Long Beach. This is also a signal that credit conditions are easing, as international trade tends to be more credit-sensitive than domestic commerce.

Other signs of a rebound in monetary velocity can be found in prices. Consumer prices fell at a 12.4% annual rate in the last three months of 2008, the fastest decline since the Great Depression. In the first three months of 2009, prices are up at a 2.2% annual rate. Meanwhile, commodity prices bottomed in February, signaling that the economy has turned a corner. In addition, Treasury bond yields are on the rise, despite direct purchases by the Federal Reserve – an indicator that real interest rates have bottomed.

Add the second largest month-to-month jump in the ISM Manufacturing Index in April in the past decade and recent sharp increases in the Chicago PMI, Philadelphia Fed Index, and Richmond Fed Index, all of which show the manufacturing recession is rapidly losing steam.

The end of the recession does not mean we won't lose more jobs; employment is always a lagging indicator. And there will be more defaults, foreclosures and financial market problems, too. But none of these are leading indicators. In our view, there are no more shoes to drop.

Date/Time (CST)	U.S. Economic Data	Consensus	First Trust	Actual	Previous
5-4 / 9:00 am	Construction Spending - Mar	-1.6%	-1.7%	+0.3%	-0.9%
5-5 / 9:00 am	ISM Non-Man Apr	42.4	42.2		40.8
5-7 / 7:30 am	Q1 Non-Farm Productivity	+0.6%	+0.5%		-0.4%
7:30 am	Q1 Unit Labor Costs	+2.7%	-0.8%		+5.7%
7:30 am	Initial Claims - May 2	633K	631K		631K
2:00 pm	Consumer Credit - Mar	-\$3.8	-\$4.6Bil		-\$7.5Bil
5-8 / 7:30 am	Non-Farm Payrolls - Apr	-610K	-810K		-663K
7:30 am	Manufacturing Payrolls - Apr	-159K	-180K		-161K
7:30 am	Unemployment Rate - Apr	8.9%	8.8%		8.5%
7:30 am	Average Hourly Earnings - Apr	+0.2%	+0.3%		+0.2%
7:30 am	Average Weekly Hours - Apr	33.2	33.3		33.2

Consensus forecasts come from Bloomberg. This report was prepared by First Trust Advisors L. P., and reflects the current opinion of the authors. It is based upon sources and data believed to be accurate and reliable. Opinions and forward looking statements expressed are subject to change without notice. This information does not constitute a solicitation or an offer to buy or sell any security.