DATAWATCH

November 18, 2022 • 630.517.7756 • www.ftportfolios.com

October Existing Home Sales

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- Existing home sales declined 5.9% in October to a 4.430 million annual rate, narrowly beating the consensus expected 4.400 million. Sales are down 28.4% versus a year ago.
- Sales in October fell in all major regions. The drop was due to a decline in sales of both single-family homes and condos/co-ops.
- The median price of an existing home fell to \$379,100 in October (not seasonally adjusted) but is up 6.6% versus a year ago.

Implications: Existing home sales fell for the ninth month in a row in October, posting the longest streak of declines since records began in 1999. Falling affordability has played a major role in the recent string of weak reports. The prime culprit is the surge in mortgage rates, with interest rates on 30-yr fixed rate loans currently hovering near 7%. The good news is that mortgage rates have recently fallen roughly 50 basis points, which could help stabilize sales in coming months. While financing costs remain a burden, the good news is that median prices fell for the fourth month in a row in October. Part of this is just seasonality (prices typically begin to fall following the summer buying season), and even with recent declines, median prices are up 6.6% in the past year. However, that is a notable slowing from the 25.2% peak in the twelve-month comparison in May 2021. When you do the math it's not hard to see why home sales have slowed down so rapidly. Assuming a 20% down payment, the rise in mortgage rates and home prices since December amounts to a 65% increase in monthly payments on a new 30-year mortgage for the median existing home. Today's report also showed that the inventory of existing homes on the market remains tight. Available listings were down slightly not only from September but also from a year ago (the best way to look at the data given the seasonality of the housing market). Given that many homeowners locked in mortgage rates at rock bottom levels during the pandemic, potential sellers are unlikely to brave a 400-basis point increase in financing costs by re-entering the market to trade up. Meanwhile, the months' supply of homes (how



Existing Homes: Median Sales Price



long it would take to sell existing inventory at the current sales pace) rose slightly to 3.3 in October. However, this remains well below the benchmark of 5.0 that the National Association of Realtors uses to denote a tight market. Despite the lack of options, homes that are put on the market are still selling quickly: 64% of existing homes sold were on the market for less than a month. While sales are clearly under pressure, this is not a repeat of 2007-09. Unlike the previous housing bust, we do not have a massive oversupply of homes. Meanwhile a flood of new inventories hitting the market due to foreclosure remains unlikely. Adjustable-rate mortgages make up a much smaller share of overall mortgages today than in the lead up to the housing crisis. Many current homeowners have locked-in fixed long-term mortgages at extremely low interest rates, which would make them very reluctant to default on their mortgage even if the economy eventually turns for the worse.

Existing Home Sales	Oct-22		Sep-22	Aug-22	3-month	6-month	Yr to Yr
Seasonally Adjusted Unless Noted, Levels in Thous.	% Ch.	level	level	level	moving avg.	moving avg.	% Change
Existing Home Sales	-5.9%	4430	4710	4780	4640	4877	-28.4
Northeast	-6.6%	570	610	620	600	627	-23.0
Midwest	-5.3%	1080	1140	1160	1127	1177	-25.5
South	-4.8%	1980	2080	2120	2060	2162	-27.2
West	-9.1%	800	880	880	853	912	-37.5
Median Sales Price (\$, NSA)	-1.1%	379100	383500	391700	384767	395950	6.6

Source: National Association of Realtors